Serial No.: 10/560,332

Filed: September 8, 2006

Page : 2 of 25

## **Amendments to the Claims**

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listings of claims in the application. Please amend claim 177 as follows.

## Listing of the Claims

1. (Previously Presented) A compound of Formula (I):

wherein:

W is a straight or branched chain  $C_{1-5}$  alkylene group optionally containing one double bond or one triple bond, wherein said  $C_{1-5}$  alkylene group is optionally substituted with halogen, hydroxyl,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$  haloalkyl or  $C_{1-4}$  alkoxy;

Y is a straight or branched chain  $C_{1.5}$  alkylene group optionally containing one double bond, or one triple bond or carbonyl, wherein said  $C_{1.5}$  alkylene group is optionally substituted with halogen, hydroxyl,  $C_{1.4}$  alkyl,  $C_{1.4}$  haloalkyl or  $C_{1.4}$  alkoxy;

 $\label{eq:Xis-NR3CO} X \ is \ -NR_3C(O)-, \ -C(O)NR_3, \ -NR_3S(O)_2-, \ -S(O)_2NR_3-, \\ -NR_3C(O)NR_4-, \ -NR_3C(O)O-, \ -OC(O)NR_3-, \ -NR_3-, \ -CH(OH)-, \ -C(NH)-, \ -O-, \ -S-, \ -S(O)- \ or \ -S(O)_2-;$ 

 $R_3$  and  $R_4$  are independently H,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, phenyl or heteroaryl, wherein each of said alkyl, phenyl and heteroaryl are optionally substituted with 1 to 5 substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, hydroxyl, thiol, cyano, nitro,  $C_{1-4}$  haloalkyl, amino,  $C_{1-4}$  alkylamino, di- $C_{1-4}$ -alkylamino,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$  alkoxy,  $C_{2-4}$  alkenyl,  $C_{2-4}$  alkynyl,  $C_{1-4}$  haloalkoxy,  $C_{1-4}$  alkylthio,  $C_{1-4}$  alkylsulfinyl,  $C_{1-4}$  alkylsulfonyl,  $C_{1-4}$  haloalkylthio,  $C_{1-4}$  haloalkylsulfinyl and  $C_{1-4}$  haloalkylsulfonyl;

Z is H, halogen, phenyl or heteroaryl, wherein said phenyl and heteroaryl are optionally substituted with 1 to 5 substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, hydroxy, thiol, cyano, nitro, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkyl, amino, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkylamino, di-C<sub>1-4</sub>-

Serial No.: 10/560,332

Filed: September 8, 2006

Page : 3 of 25

alkylamino,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$  alkoxy,  $C_{2-4}$  alkenyl,  $C_{2-4}$  alkynyl,  $C_{1-4}$  haloalkoxy,  $C_{1-4}$  alkylsulfinyl,  $C_{1-4}$  alkylsulfonyl,  $C_{1-4}$  haloalkylsulfinyl and  $C_{1-4}$  haloalkylsulfonyl;

 $R_1$  is H, halogen,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl or  $C_{1-4}$  haloalkyl;

R<sub>2</sub> is H or C<sub>1-8</sub> alkyl and

"n" and "m" are each 1; or

a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, solvate or hydrate thereof; provided that:

- when  $R_1$  is H and  $R_2$  is  $CH_3$  then  $-[W]_n$ -X- $[Y]_m$ -Z together is not 2,6-dichloro-4-trifluoromethylphenoxy, C(O)NH- $C_6H_4$ -p- $OCH_2CH_3$ ,  $NHC(O)CH(CH_3)_2$ ,  $SCH_3$ , C(O)- $C_6H_4$ -p- $OC_8H_{17}$ ,  $SCH_2CH_3$ ,  $C(O)NHC_6H_5$ ,  $CH(OCH_3)_2$ ,  $CH_2OC(O)CH_3$ ,  $CO_2H$ ,  $CO_2CH_3$ ,  $C(O)C_6H_4$ -p- $NO_2$ ,  $C(O)C_6H_5$ ,  $CH_2CH_2CO_2CH_3$ ,  $CH_2CH_2CH_2CO_2CH_3$ ,  $CH_2CH_2CO_2CH_3$  and  $CH_2CO_2CH_3$ ;
- viii) when  $R_1$  is H and  $R_2$  is  $CH_2CH_3$  then  $-[W]_n$ -X- $[Y]_m$ -Z together is not  $CH_2SCH_2CH_3$ ,  $OCH_2CH_2CH=CH_2$ ,  $CH_2CH_2CH_2OH$ ,  $CH_2CH_2CHO$ ,  $CO_2CH_2CH_3$ ,  $OCH_3$ ,  $C(O)CH_2Br$ ,  $CO_2C_8H_{17}$ , formyl, OH,  $CH_2N(CH_2CH_2Cl)_2$ ,  $CH(CH_3)OC(O)CH_3$ ,  $CH_2OH$ ,  $CH_2OC(O)CH_3$ ,  $C(O)CH_3$ ,  $C(O)C_6H_5$  and  $C(O)NHCH_2CO_2CH_2CH_3$ .

## 2-151. (Canceled)

- 152. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 1 wherein W is the straight or branched  $C_{1-5}$  alkylene group optionally containing one double bond, one triple bond or carbonyl, wherein said  $C_{1-5}$  alkylene group is optionally substituted with halogen, hydroxyl,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl or  $C_{1-4}$  alkoxy.
- 153. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 1 wherein W is selected from the group consisting of -CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, and -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-, each optionally substituted with halogen, hydroxyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl or C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy.
- 154. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 1 wherein W is -CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)-,

Serial No.: 10/560,332

Filed: September 8, 2006

Page : 4 of 25

-CH(OCH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>-, or -CH<sub>2</sub>CH(OCH<sub>3</sub>)-, each optionally substituted with halogen, hydroxyl,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl or  $C_{1-4}$  alkoxy.

- 155. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 1 wherein W is selected from the group consisting of -CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)-, -C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, and -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-.
- 156. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 1 wherein W is -CH=CH- or -C≡ C.
- 157. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 1 wherein Y is the straight or branched chain  $C_{1-5}$  alkylene group optionally containing one double bond, one triple bond or carbonyl, wherein said  $C_{1-5}$  alkylene group is optionally substituted with halogen, hydroxyl,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl or  $C_{1-4}$  alkoxy.
- 158. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 1 wherein Y is selected from the group consisting of -CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)-, -C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CE = C-, -CH<sub>2</sub>C(O)-, -C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)C(O)-, -C(O)CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>C(O)-, -C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>C(O)-, -C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>C(O)-, -C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>C(O)-, -C(O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>-,
- 159. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 1 wherein Y is selected from the group consisting of  $-CH_2$ -,  $-CH_2CH_2$ -,  $-CH_2$ -, -CH

Serial No.: 10/560,332

Filed: September 8, 2006

Page : 5 of 25

160. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 1 wherein Y is -CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)- optionally substituted with halogen, hydroxyl or  $C_{1-4}$  alkoxy.

- 161. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 1 wherein Y is -CH(OCH<sub>3</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>- or -CH<sub>2</sub>CH(OCH<sub>3</sub>)- optionally substituted with halogen, hydroxyl or C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl.
- 162. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 1 wherein Y is -CH=CH- optionally substituted with  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl or  $C_{1-4}$  alkoxy.
- 163. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 1 wherein Y is  $-C(CH_3)_2$ -,  $-C \equiv C$ -, -C(O)-,  $-C(CH_3)_2C(O)$ -, or  $-C(O)C(CH_3)_2$ -.
- 164. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 1 wherein X is -NHC(O)- or -C(O)NH-.
- 165. (Withdrawn) The compound according to claim 1 wherein X is -NH- or -NCH<sub>3</sub>-.
- 166. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 1 wherein X is selected from the group consisting of CH(OH)-, -C(NH)-, -O-, -S-, -S(O)-, or -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-.
- 167. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 1 wherein Z is H, halogen, or phenyl.
- 168. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 1 wherein Z is phenyl optionally substituted with 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of -F, -Cl, -Br, -CF<sub>3</sub>, -NHCH<sub>3</sub>, -N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, -CH<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, -OCH<sub>3</sub> and -OCF<sub>3</sub>.
- 169. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 1 wherein Z is heteroaryl optionally substituted with 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of -F, -Cl, -Br, -CF<sub>3</sub>, -NHCH<sub>3</sub>, -N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, -CH<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, -OCH<sub>3</sub> and -OCF<sub>3</sub>.
- 170. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 1 wherein  $R_1$  is H.

Serial No.: 10/560,332

Filed: September 8, 2006

Page : 6 of 25

- 171. (Canceled)
- 172. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 1 wherein  $R_1$  is halogen.
- 173. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 1 wherein  $R_1$  is  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl.
- 174. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 1 wherein  $R_1$  is  $C_{1.4}$  haloalkyl.
- 175. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 1 wherein  $R_2$  is H.
- 176. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 1 wherein  $R_2$  is  $C_{1-8}$  alkyl.
- 177. (Currently Amended) The according to claim 1 selected from the group consisting of:
  - 5-Ethylsulfanylmethyl-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid;
  - 5-Ethanesulfinylmethyl-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid;
  - 5-Ethanesulfonylmethyl-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid;
  - 5-(2-Oxo-propoxymethyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid;
  - 5-Prop-2-ynyloxymethyl-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid;
  - 5-(1-Methylsulfanyl-ethyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid;
  - 5-(1-Methanesulfinyl-ethyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid;
  - 5-(1-Methanesulfonyl-ethyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid;
  - 5-(1,1-Dimethoxy-ethyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid;
  - 5-(1-Acetoxy-ethyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid;
  - 5-Propylcarbamoylmethyl-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid;
  - 5-(2-Dimethylamino-1-methyl-ethyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid;
  - 5-(2-Methoxy-vinyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid;
  - 5-(3-Acetoxy-propyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid;
  - 5-(2,2-Dimethoxy-ethyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid;
  - 5-(2-Imino-propyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid;
  - 5-Methoxymethyl-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid;

Serial No.: 10/560,332

Filed: September 8, 2006

Page : 7 of 25

5-Ethoxymethyl-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid;

5-(2-Methoxy-ethyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid;

5-(3-Methoxy-propyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid;

5-Methylsulfanylmethyl-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid;

5-Methanesulfinylmethyl-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid;

5-Methanesulfonylmethyl-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid;

5-(2-Methylsulfanyl-ethyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid;

5-(2-Methanesulfinyl-ethyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid;

5-(2-Methanesulfonyl-ethyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid;

5-(3-Methylsulfanyl-propyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid;

5-(3-Methanesulfinyl-propyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid;

5-(3-Methanesulfonyl-propyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid;

5-(2-Methylamino-ethyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid;

5-(2-Dimethylamino-ethyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid;

5-(Benzylamino-methyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid;

5-Methoxymethyl-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid;

5-Ethoxymethyl-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid; [[or]] and

5-(2,2-Diethoxy-ethyl)-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid; or

a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, solvate or hydrate thereof.

178. (Previously Presented) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier in combination with at least one compound according to Formula (I):

$$Z \left\{ Y \right\}_{m}^{X} \left\{ W \right\}_{n}^{N} \left\{ N \right\}_{n}^{N}$$
(I)

wherein:

W is a straight or branched chain  $C_{1-5}$  alkylene group optionally containing one double bond or one triple bond, wherein said  $C_{1-5}$  alkylene group is optionally substituted with halogen, hydroxyl,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$  haloalkyl or  $C_{1-4}$  alkoxy;

Serial No.: 10/560,332

Filed: September 8, 2006

Page : 8 of 25

Y is a straight or branched chain  $C_{1.5}$  alkylene group optionally containing one double bond, or one triple bond or carbonyl, wherein said  $C_{1.5}$  alkylene group is optionally substituted with halogen, hydroxyl,  $C_{1.4}$  alkyl,  $C_{1.4}$  haloalkyl or  $C_{1.4}$  alkoxy;

$$X \text{ is -NR}_3C(O)$$
-, -C(O)NR<sub>3</sub>, -NR<sub>3</sub>S(O)<sub>2</sub>-, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>NR<sub>3</sub>-, -NR<sub>3</sub>C(O)NR<sub>4</sub>-, -NR<sub>3</sub>C(O)O-, -OC(O)NR<sub>3</sub>-, -NR<sub>3</sub>-, -CH(OH)-, -C(NH)-, -O-, -S-, -S(O)- or -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-;

R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>4</sub> are independently H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, phenyl or heteroaryl, wherein each of said alkyl, phenyl and heteroaryl are optionally substituted with 1 to 5 substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, hydroxyl, thiol, cyano, nitro, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkyl, amino, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkylamino, di-C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkylamino, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>2-4</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-4</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkylthio, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkylsulfonyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkylthio, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkylsulfinyl and C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkylsulfonyl;

Z is H, halogen, phenyl or heteroaryl, wherein said phenyl and heteroaryl are optionally substituted with 1 to 5 substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, hydroxy, thiol, cyano, nitro,  $C_{1-4}$  haloalkyl, amino,  $C_{1-4}$  alkylamino,  $C_{1-4}$  alkylamino,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$  alkoxy,  $C_{2-4}$  alkenyl,  $C_{2-4}$  alkynyl,  $C_{1-4}$  haloalkoxy,  $C_{1-4}$  alkylthio,  $C_{1-4}$  alkylsulfinyl,  $C_{1-4}$  alkylsulfinyl,  $C_{1-4}$  haloalkylsulfinyl and  $C_{1-4}$  haloalkylsulfonyl;

R<sub>1</sub> is H, halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl or C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkyl;
R<sub>2</sub> is H or C<sub>1-8</sub> alkyl and
"n" and "m" are each 1; or
a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, solvate or hydrate thereof.

- 179. (Withdrawn) A method for prophylaxis or treatment of a metabolic-related disorder in an individual in need of said prophylaxis or treatment comprising administering to the individual a therapeutically effective amount of a compound according to claim 1 or a pharmaceutical composition according to claim 178.
- 180. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 179 wherein the metabolic-related disorder is selected from the group consisting of dyslipidemia, atherosclerosis, coronary heart disease,

Serial No.: 10/560,332

Filed: September 8, 2006

Page : 9 of 25

insulin resistance, obesity, impaired glucose tolerance, atheromatous disease, hypertension, stroke, Syndrome X, heart disease and type 2 diabetes.

- 181. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 180 wherein the metabolic-related disorder is dyslipidemia, atherosclerosis, coronary heart disease, insulin resistance and type 2 diabetes.
- 182. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 180 wherein the metabolic-related disorder is dyslipidemia.
- 183. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 180 wherein the metabolic-related disorder is atherosclerosis.
- 184. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 180 wherein the metabolic-related disorder is coronary heart disease.
- 185. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 180 wherein the metabolic-related disorder is insulin resistance.
- 186. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 180 wherein the metabolic-related disorder is type 2 diabetes.
- 187. (Withdrawn) The method of producing a pharmaceutical composition comprising admixing at least one compound according to claim 1 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.